

B.TECH.
(SEM III) THEORY EXAMINATION 2022-23
SENSOR AND INSTRUMENTATION

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 100

Note: Attempt all Sections. If require any missing data; then choose suitably.

SECTION A

1. Attempt *all* questions in brief. 2 x 10 = 20

- (a) Explain the characteristics of sensors.
- (b) What are the factors to be considered while selecting transducer?
- (c) Compare Thermocouple and Thermistor temperature transducer.
- (d) Write down various material used in RTD (Resistance Temperature Detector) with it's temperature range.
- (e) Write the syntax for two types of WHILE loop.
- (f) What is Formula Node?
- (g) Explain difference between counter and timer.
- (h) What is use of Data Sockets for Networked Communication?
- (i) Give the features of smart sensors
- (j) Explain the use of smart sensor in industrial robots.

SECTION B

2. Attempt any *three* of the following: 10x3=30

- (a) Give the construction and working of LVDT for displacement measurement, write advantages and disadvantages of LVDT.
- (b) Describe the construction and working of thermocouple. A thermocouple circuit uses a chromel-alumel thermocouple which gives an emf of 33.3 mV. When measuring at emperature of 800 °C with reference temperature 0 °C. The resistance of the meter coil, R_m is 50Ω and a current of 0.1 mA gives full scale deflection. The resistance of junctions and leads, R_c is 12Ω .
Calculate: Resistance of the series resistance if a temperature of 800 °C isto give full scale deflection. (The resistance temperature co-efficient of coil is 0.00426/°C)
- (c) Explain the essential need for Virtual Instrumentation and compare it with the traditional instruments.
- (d) Discuss the Digital to Analog Converter :i. R-2R ladder network method
ii. Weighted resistors method
- (e) With the help of block diagram discuss the architecture of smart sensors.

SECTION C

3. Attempt any *one* part of the following: 10x1=10

- (a) How do you measure strain with the help of a strain gauge transducer also write the various characteristics of strain gauges?
- (b) Discuss piezoelectric sensor or transducer with suitable diagram. A quartz piezo-electric crystal having a thickness of 2 mm and voltage sensitivity of 0.055 V-m/N is subjected to a pressure of 1.5 MN/m². Calculate the voltage output. If the permittivity of quartz is 40.6×10^{-12} F/m. Calculate its charge sensitivity.

4. **Attempt any *one* part of the following:** **10x1=10**
- (a) What is Hall Effect sensor? How it can be used to measure fluid level position?
 - (b) Discuss the working principle of capacitive level sensors also write advantages, disadvantages and applications of capacitive level sensors.
5. **Attempt any *one* part of the following:** **10x1=1**
- (a) Discuss in detail about different structures with examples.
 - (b) Explain the role of different hardware's and software's in Virtual Instrumentation in detail.
6. **Attempt any *one* part of the following:** **10x1=10**
- (a) Why we use data acquisition system? Draw its block diagram & explain in detail its each component.
 - (b) Explain in detail Successive approximation A/D converter; write the applications of analog to digital converter (ADC).
7. **Attempt any *one* part of the following:** **10x1=10**
- (a) Explain the following characteristics of smart sensors in detail, Self-calibration, Multi-sensing, Communication, Self-Diagnosis.
 - (b) Explain in detail the various applications of smart sensors in smart cities.

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